

In the school year 1924-25, 58,530 pupils were medically examined and 13,329 were successfully vaccinated (those entering school for the first time). Of those examined, 318 were found unable to pursue their studies with ordinary success on account of mental deficiency. Six special schools for such deficient children have already been established. Of the total number examined (58,530), 29,119 were reported in normal physical and mental condition.

**Hospitals and Benevolent Institutions.**—The hospitals and benevolent institutions making annual reports include the Provincial Hospital at Saint John (insane) and the Jordan Memorial Sanatorium (tuberculosis) at River Glade, both provincial institutions; also the Victoria Public Hospital at Fredericton, and the Moncton Hospital. (For statistics of hospitals see Table 4). The latest report of the Jordan Memorial Sanatorium announces the receipt of an endowment of approximately \$100,000 from the estate of the late Mrs. Jordan.

#### 4.—Hospitals, etc., in New Brunswick, 1924.

Items.	General, Maternity, Isolation and Private Hospitals.	Sanatoria for Consumptives.	Hospitals for the Insane.*	Orphanages, Refuges, etc.
Number of institutions.....	16	2	1	3
Number of patients, beginning of year.....	121 <sup>1</sup>	—	703	183
Admissions and births.....	11,830	313	190	114
Discharges, etc.....	10,378	318	85	105
Number of patients, end of year.....	356	162	736	192
Staff—Doctors.....	144	5	—	7
Nurses.....	278	26	—	29
Receipts—Government and municipal grants.....	\$ 53,104	66,623	—	16,081
Fees.....	\$ 261,380	83,905	29,534	6,920
Total <sup>2</sup> .....	\$ 373,139	153,931	99,079	46,690
Expenditures—Salaries, etc.....	\$ 177,514	75,167	50,865	11,925
Buildings and equipment.....	\$ 78,069	8,196	26,030	5,971
Total <sup>3</sup> .....	\$ 551,201	198,942	196,328	53,192

<sup>1</sup>Number of patients at beginning of year very incomplete. \* Includes other receipts. \* Includes other expenditures. <sup>2</sup>Year ended Oct. 31, 1925.

#### 4.—Quebec.

The Provincial Bureau of Health, in charge of the Provincial Secretary, administers the provisions of the Public Health Act. Twenty inspectors are appointed for the 20 public health districts, their duties being divided generally between education of the public and municipal public health organization. In addition, their services are given in case of consultations, public lectures, maintenance of records of municipalities and medical and sanitary investigations. In addition to the district officers, the Bureau maintains an administrative division, a laboratory division, a division of sanitary engineering, a division of venereal diseases and a division of vital statistics. The energies of the Bureau are being directed mainly toward the prevention, by organized campaigns, of epidemics, more particularly tuberculosis and the more important causes of infant mortality. To this end the Provincial Bureau of Health has already established 18 anti-tuberculosis dispensaries and 70 baby clinics, including those receiving Government grants. Some evidence of the effect of this work may be seen in the reduction of the rate of infant mortality per 1,000 living births from 131 in 1923 to 118 in 1924 and 115 in 1925.